

Ffeithiau Ffynchi

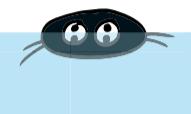
Mae pyllau'n gartref i tua dwy ran o dair o blanhigion dŵr croyw brodor Prydain, mamaliaid, amffibiad ac anifeiliaid di-asgwrn-cefn.



Ardal mwyaf amrywiol pwll yw'r dŵr bas o amgylch yr ymwl.

Bydd **nymffau gwas y neidr** yn byw dan y dŵr am 1-2 flynedd cyn dringo allan a thro'i'n oedolyn.

Mae gan **chwilod bwganod** lygaid arbennig – gallant weld uwchben ac o dan y dŵr ar yr un pryd.



JOC:

Beth yw hoff ginio broga?

Crawc-ar-dost

Helpu!

Mae pyllau'n gynefin pwysig iawn ar gyfer bywyd gwylt. Mae llai o byllau i gael yn awr nag oedd 100 mlynedd yn ôl. Beth am greu pwll yn eich gardd? Gadewch iddo lanw'n naturiol a chewch eich synnu pa mor gyflym y bydd planhigion ac anifeiliaid yn dod o hyd i gartref newydd. Ymwelwch â www.pondconservation.org.uk i ddysgu sut i greu pwll.

Rhannu



Os hoffech rannu'r hyn yr ydych wedi ei weld:
Twitter: @PembsCoast

Facebook: Pembrokeshire Coast



Am fwy o wybodaeth am yr hyn i'w weld a'i wneud yn Sir Benfro, ymwelwch â www.pembrokeshirecoast.org.uk www.pondconservation.org.uk

Darlun y clawr: Andrew Mackay
Lluniau: John Bridges

Funky Facts

Ponds are home to about two thirds of Britain's native freshwater plants, mammals, amphibians and invertebrates



The most diverse area of a pond is the shallow water around the edge.

Dragonfly nymphs live for 1-2 years underwater before climbing out and turning into an adult



Whirligig beetles have special eyes – they can see above and below the water at the same time

Joke:

What do frogs like to drink?

Croak-a-cola

Help!

Ponds are a very important habitat for wildlife. There are fewer ponds now than 100 years ago. Why don't you create a pond in your garden? Let it fill naturally and be amazed at how quickly plants and animals find a new home.

Go to www.pondconservation.org.uk to find out how to make a pond.

Share



If you'd like to share what you've seen:
Twitter: @PembsCoast

Facebook: Pembrokeshire Coast



For more information visit
www.pembrokeshirecoast.org.uk
www.pondconservation.org.uk

Cover illustration: Andrew Mackay
Photography: John Bridges



Sglefryn y dŵr



Leeoden



Gwas y neidr



Gwybedyn Mai



Grothell



Mursen



Deifio chwilen
Madfallod ifanc



Pryf gwellt
Neidr y gwair



Pond skater



Leech



Dragonfly



Mayfly



Stickleback



Damselfly

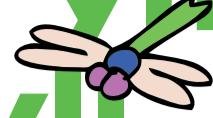


Diving beetle
Young newt



Caddis fly
Grass snake

Trochi yn y pwll



ble i fynd, beth i'w wybod



Parc Cenedlaethol Arfordir Penfro
Pembrokeshire Coast National Park

Pond dipping



where to go, what to know



Parc Cenedlaethol Arfordir Penfro
Pembrokeshire Coast National Park

Awgrymiadau Defnyddiol

Top Tips



Y modd gorau i weld creaduriaid y **pyllau yw i fynd i drochi pyllau**.

Byddwch angen **rhwyd** â thyllau mân ynddi, **jar neu focs plastig** a **chwyydwydr** neu feicrosop.

- Ysgubwch y rhwyd yn araf a thawel trwy'r dŵr.
- Ceisiwch bysgota creaduriaid o iâslaw'r dŵr yn ogystal â rhai ar wyneb y dŵr.

- Gwagiwch y rhwyd yn ofalus i mewn i'ch jar neu focs.
- Edrychwch ar y creaduriaid i gyd – a oes ganddyn nhw goesau, cynfon, crafangau, adenyyd?
- **Rhoddwch y creaduriaid a'r dŵr yn ôl yn y pwll yn ofalus.**

The best way to spot pond creatures is to **go pond dipping**. You'll need a **net** with tiny holes, a **plastic jar or container** and a **magnifying glass** or microscope.

- Sweep your net gently through the water
- Try to scoop creatures from below the water as well as on the surface
- Empty it carefully into your container
- Look at all the creatures – do they have legs, tails, claws, wings?
- **Return the creatures and the water back in to the pond carefully**

Mae Sir Benfro'n adnabyddus am ei arfordir, ond ceir digonedd o safleoedd dŵr croyw â thoreth o fywyd gwylt ichi eu harchwilio.

Pembrokeshire is renowned for its coast, but there are plenty of fresh water sites with a wealth of wildlife for you to explore.

