Application Ref: NP/21/0149/FUL

Case Officer Kate Attrill

Applicant Mr & Mrs Reynolds & Family

Agent Mr A Vaughan-Harries, Hayston Development & Planning **Proposal** Change of use of land to create seasonal camping facility

(7 no. tents & siting of welfare facility structure)

Site Location Speedlands Farm, Dale, Haverfordwest, Pembrokeshire,

SA62 3QX

Grid Ref

Date Valid 08-Mar-2021 Target Date 09-Sep-2021

The application is returning to the Development Management Committee following a "minded to approve" decision notwithstanding officer advice that the development was contrary to the LDP, taken by Members on the basis that the development's economic value to the area outweighed the policy conflict and the invocation of the 'cooling-off' period at the previous Committee.

Consultee Response

Dale Community Council: No objection

Marloes & St Brides Community Council: Supporting

PCC - Drainage Engineers: Observations
PCNPA Tree and Landscape Officer: Reply

PCNPA Access Manager: No objection

Natural Resources Wales: Conditional Consent Dwr Cymru Welsh Water: Conditional Consent

Public Response

The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (Wales) Order 2012 requires that proposed developments are advertised by way of either neighbour letters or a site notice. In this case, both site notice and neighbour letters were sent.

Objections have been received from neighbouring properties detailing concerns over the impact of having fire pits, barbeques and log-burners potentially burning every night adjacent to residential gardens, in addition to amenity impacts of noise, traffic and disturbance. These issues are explored in more detail in the report below under 'Amenity'.

Policies considered

Please note that these policies can be viewed on the Policies page Pembrokeshire Coast National Park website -

http://www.pembrokeshirecoast.org.uk/default.asp?PID=549

LDP2 Policy 01 - National Park Purposes and Duty

LDP2 Policy 07 - Countryside

LDP2 Policy 08 - Special Qualities

LDP2 Policy 09 - Light Pollution

LDP2 Policy 10 - Sites and Species of European Importance

LDP2 Policy 11 - Nationally Protected Sites and Species

LDP2 Policy 14 - Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park

LDP2 Policy 29 - Sustainable Design

LDP2 Policy 30 - Amenity

LDP2 Policy 32 - Surface Water Drainage

LDP2 Policy 34 - Flooding and Coastal Inundation

LDP2 Policy 35 - Development in the Coastal Change Management Plan

LDP2 Policy 38 - Visitor Economy

LDP2 Policy 41 - Caravan, Camping & Chalet Development

LDP2 Policy 59 - Sustainable Transport

LDP2 Policy 60 - Impacts of Traffic

PPW11

SPG04 - Loss of Hotels

SPG05 - Planning Obligations

SPG22 - Seascape Character

TAN 05 - Nature Conservation and Planning

TAN 06 - Planning for Sustainable Rural Communities

TAN 12 - Design

TAN 14 - Coastal Planning

TAN 23 - Economic Development

TAN 24 - The Historic Environment

Constraints

Special Area of Conservation - within 500m

Biodiversity Issue

Historic Landscape

ROW Coast Path - within 10m

Potential for surface water flooding

Recreation Character Areas

Affordable Housing Submarkets

Seascape Character Areas

Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Authority

Development Management Committee – 8th September 2021

Within Site of Special Scientific Interest consult NRW / Planning Ecologist_20m Landscape Character Area Special Area of Conservation - within 50m

Officer's Appraisal

Site and Context

Speedlands Farm is a mixed 25-acre agricultural holding overlooking Musselwick Bay. The site lies adjacent to a row of 6 semi-detached dwellings. The field, subject of this application lies 700 metres to the north of the development boundary for Dale.

Relevant Planning History

None.

Description of Proposal

The application has been amended since its original submission to alter the location of the tents and facility building in response to having been sited within the flood zone and has also since increased the number of tents to from 6 to 7.

The tents (which are classed as highly vulnerable development) have been relocated to be outside the flood zone, whilst the 'recreation area' remains within the coastal change zone and flood zone.

Each bell-tent measures 5 metres in diameter, and will sleep up to 8 adults on the typical details submitted with an optional flue for a wood-burner. If the maximum occupancy were applied, a total of 56 people could be camping at any one time in the proposed area, although the planning statement suggests up to 5 occupants per tent with 12 parking spaces provided.

A facilities building for toilets and showers in the form of a timber clad portacabin is proposed for the provision of toilets and showers.

The agent has clarified what is meant by 'seasonal' since the submission of the application and states: 'the Portacabin will be on site from April to September while the site will be in use. Our client plans on running from the Easter school holidays through to September. While the site is closed the portacabin would be stored in one of the farms large sheds (where it would be out of sight) for the remaining time of the year.

A recreational area is detailed immediately to the south of the residential curtilage of Jubilee Villas, with the farmhouse in the applicants ownership being on the other side of the lane.

A new vehicular access is proposed on the south western side of the site with the existing field access at the eastern end changed to a pedestrian only access and car-parking being in the south-western corner of the site.

A 'Tidal Flood Risk Assessment' was submitted on the 15th June 2021 along with the revised site plan.

Key Issues

The application raises the following planning matters:

- Policy, Siting, and Impact upon the Special Qualities of the National Park
- Amenity and Privacy
- Access and Parking
- Landscaping
- Biodiversity
 - Flooding and Coastal Inundation
- Other Material Considerations: NRW consult response

Policy:

The site is located to the north of Dale and immediately adjacent a small group of houses close to the shore of the Haven Waterway.

A large proportion of the site is within a Coastal Risk Management Area defined in LDP2 and a C2 flood zone. In line with national planning policy, Policy 34 of LDP2 directs development away from areas at risk of flooding now or as predicted for the future by TAN15 development advice maps or Shoreline Management Plans. Paragraph 6.5.14 of Planning Policy Wales cautions that:

"As part of understanding the characteristics of coastlines it should be recognised that sea level rise, storm surge, wave action and changes in coastal morphology and sediment supply can lead to both direct and indirect effects at the coast. Uncertainty is further exacerbated by the effects of climate change."

The area is defined as a Coastal Change Management Area in LDP2 recognising the potential for change to occur at this location. The site is within Policy Unit 20.8 of the South Wales Shoreline Management Plan where the policy approach is one of 'no-active intervention' which will allow the coast to evolve naturally and maintain the landscape and environmental value of the coastline. This policy approach recognizes that there is a risk of flooding and erosion to the B4327. Approximately 260m of the road immediately to the east of the site is already within the C2 flood zone, as is the junction of the access road to the entry point into the proposed campsite and Speedland Farm.

TAN 15 (Development and Flood Risk) states that new development should be directed away from zone C. The TAN includes tests to be applied to developments proposed in zone C but details that highly vulnerable development should not be permitted in zone C2. Examples of highly vulnerable development provided in TAN2 includes caravan parks.

Natural Resources Wales have been consulted on the flood risk issue and stated:

'the planning application proposes highly vulnerable development for a new campsite and welfare facilities. Our Flood Risk Map confirms the site to be partially within Zone C2 of the Development Advice Map (DAM) contained in TAN15.

We refer you to Section 6 of TAN15 and the Chief Planning Officer letter from Welsh Government, dated 9 January 2014, which affirms that highly vulnerable development should not be permitted in Zone C2 (paragraph 6.2 of TAN15). The justification tests in paragraph 6.2 do not apply to highly vulnerable development in Zone C2 -Notwithstanding this policy position, we have reviewed the 'Tidal Flood risk Assessment' by Francis Sant submitted in support of the application to provide you with technical advice on the acceptability of flooding consequences in accordance with Appendix 1 of TAN15. Parts of the lower end of the site will be at risk of flooding in the tidal scenarios with an allowance of climate change and therefore the site does not comply with Table A1.14 of TAN 15. However, the site plan reference 02J, dated 20.05.2021 shows the camping facilities and the proposed toilet block outside the 0.1% Annual Probability of Flooding scenario with an allowance of climate change. As it is for your Authority to determine whether the risks and consequences of flooding can be managed in accordance with TAN15, we recommend you consider consulting other professional advisors on matters such as emergency plans, procedures and measures to address structural damage that may result from flooding. Please note, we do not normally comment on or grant the adequacy of flood emergency response plans and procedures accompanying development proposals, as we do not carry out these roles during a flood. Our involvement during a flood emergency would be limited to delivering flood warnings to occupants/users'.

A flood emergency evacuation plan could be conditioned.

Nevertheless, Policy 35 of LDP2 requires proposals for development (other than dwellings) to be required to demonstrate that it will result in no increased risk to life or significant increase in risk to property. In this instance the site is currently undeveloped and so the introduction of any development will increase risk, notwithstanding any conditions that may be imposed.

There is a fundamental policy objection to development to this proposal for this reason.

Policy 41 of LDP2 allows for new camping sites away from the coast and Preselis and in locations not intervisible with them. The application site is situated close to the estuary coastline at Pickleridge.

Supplementary Planning Guidance to LDP2 on Camping, Caravanning and Chalet development in the National Park, is based on a study undertaken in 2015 and formed part of the evidence base for the Plan itself. The SPG/study looks at the capacity of the National Park to absorb additional camping and caravanning development. It uses the 28 landscape character areas as a basis for the assessment. The application site is in landscape character area 9. The SPG details that there is limited capacity for new sites in the area but that the value of the area lies in its National Park status, the Registered Historic Landscape (Milford Haven Waterway), historic features and the SSSI (Milford Haven Waterway). The site is

within the Registered Historic Landscape and close to the SSSI. In addition, it is close to the coastal edge and therefore in a highly sensitive location.

The summary of capacity in the area advises that there is no further capacity for development on the coastal edge.....or the valley between St Brides and Dale. The guidance therefore indicates that the site would have a detrimental impact on the landscape and special qualities of the National Park.

There is a further fundamental policy objection to development to this proposal for this reason.

Policy 8 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan 2 (LDP2) is a strategy policy which refers to the special qualities of the National Park and lists priorities to ensure that these qualities will be protected and enhanced.

Policy 14 of the LDP2 seeks the conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park with criteria (a) and (b) resisting development that would cause significant visual intrusion and/or, that would be introducing or intensifying a use which is incompatible with its location. Criteria (c) and (d) resists development that would fail to harmonise with or enhance the landform and landscape character of the National Park and/or fails to incorporate important traditional features.

Policy 29 of LDP2 requires all development proposals to be well designed in terms of place and local distinctiveness (criterion (a)).

Parts of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park are still relatively undeveloped with minimal impact of lighting on the night sky. Policy 9 seeks to conserve that character and limit the impact of lighting which could negatively impact on the special qualities of the National Park.

The proposal would introduce a use incompatible with its location; fail to harmonise with or enhance the landscape; impact on the historic landscape and result in development of the undeveloped coast. It is therefore contrary to policies 41 (Camping, Caravanning and Chalet Development); 14 (Conservation and enhancement of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park) and 8 (Special Qualities).

There is therefore a further fundamental policy objection to development to this proposal for this reason.

Amenity and Privacy:

Policy 30 is relevant to the development proposal being considered here.

It states that: 'development will not be permitted where it has an unacceptable adverse effect on amenity, particularly where:

- a) the development would have a detrimental impact on the quality of the environment currently enjoyed by people living, working or visiting the Park; and/or
- b) the development is of a scale incompatible with its surroundings; and/or
- c) the development leads to an increase in traffic or noise or odour or light which has a significant adverse effect; and/or

d) the development is visually intrusive.

A number of objections have been received from residents of the adjacent Jubilee Villas. Concerns expressed have related to the impact of the potential for noise from occupants of the campsite, the potential for smoke pollution from a number of barbeques and log burners being in operation, and the disturbance caused by increased traffic.

The site immediately adjoins the line of housing which runs to the north of the agricultural field. There is a narrow strip of 7 metres width between the nearest residential garden and the edge of the campsite which forms part of the water companies land holding and features a hedgerow boundary.

One of the letters of representation suggests that a soundproofed fence ought to sited along the northern boundary to protect residential amenity. However, a soundproofed fence might have an appearance quite out of character with the countryside location and does not form part of the development proposals.

Given that the site plan shows a 'recreation area' with tables and seating on the northern boundary, there would be an expectation that this is the area which would be utilised by campers in the evenings for socialising.

The potential for noise and disturbance to residential occupants is a significant material consideration.

The distance from the recreation area to the rear of neighbouring dwellings rear elevations is approximately 28 metres.

The site plan supplied does not accurately depict the siting of the closest adjacent dwelling. The application is not supported by a detailed assessment of the likely noise impact. Given the potential numbers of campers, which at maximum occupancy would be between 35 and 56 people, the level of noise and disturbance, as a matter of planning judgement is likely to be significantly detrimental to neighbouring properties' residential amenity, and as such, the proposal is contrary to Policy 30 of the Local Development Plan.

There is therefore a further fundamental policy objection to development to this proposal for this reason

Access and Parking:

The Highways Department of PCC has been consulted in respect to any potential impact on traffic or highway safety. Highways response is copied in full below:

'The proposal is to establish a campsite comprising of six bell tents with a welfare building, to be used as seasonal accommodation as part of a farm diversification scheme.

The land sits approximately 1Km North of Dale; it is accessed by a no through minor road off the B4327. The plans show that existing gates to the field will be utilised the vehicular access is approximately 100m from the junction and pedestrian access

approximately 25m from the junction. The gates are set back from the highway and the plans show that the area between the gates and the highway will be tarmacked. The visibility is good in both directions

The applications show that there will be hardstanding created of grasscrete for a small carpark for 12 space including two disabled spaces. With turning area available on site. The areas between the camping areas and welfare tents will be grassed areas.

Whilst there will be a seasonal increase in traffic movement, the amount is limited and will not have a negative impact on the highway network'.

There is no highways objection to the proposals and the scheme can therefore be considered to comply with Policies 59 & 60 of the LDP.

Landscaping & Biodiversity:

To comply with Planning Policy Wales (2021) and the Environment (Wales) Act 2016 planning authorities are expected to ensure every development positively contributes to biodiversity.

The Authority's Tree and Landscape Officer has been consulted with regards to the potential impact on existing landscaping, and a condition to require submission of further details has been suggested. These further details comprise:

- Scale plan on proposed site layout showing precise site-specific locations
- Schedules of plants (trees and hedges)
- Plant species
- Plant supply sizes
- Proposed numbers of each proposed species
- Hedge planting density and method (e.g. double staggered)
- Implementation programme / timescale / phasing of planting
- Management and replacement of failures details
- Pembrokeshire hedgebank construction

Subject to the imposition of landscaping conditions, the existing landscaping surrounding the site can be protected and enhanced.

Natural Resources Wales also commented on the landscaping and stated: 'We continue to have concerns with the application as submitted. However, we are satisfied that these concerns can be overcome by attaching the following condition to any planning permission granted:

Condition: Detailed landscape plan

Please note, without the inclusion of this condition and document we would object to this planning application.

NRW go on to comment: 'we note the revised site layout, dated 25 May now shows 7 tents rather than 6. The plans indicate that the temporary toilet block would be clad in natural timber, allowed to weather, with a grey roof. The plan notes that the block would be removed in winter and stored in an agricultural shed. The proposals are acceptable, but we advise the toilet block roof should be finished in a dark grey to minimise visual impact from nearby high ground.

Please note, the Landscape Plan required by condition remains outstanding and we refer you to our letter to your Authority dated 20 April 2021 for the detail of this condition'.

NRW have also commented on the submitted ecological report and their comments are copied in full below:

European Protected Species

We welcome the recommendations in section 7.4 of the PEA report that the boundary hedgerows shall be protected during construction and retained in the long-term. We also welcome the recommendations in section 7.6 and 7.7 of the report regarding artificial lighting.

In view of this information, NRW considers that there should not be a detriment to the maintenance of the favourable conservation status of bat species present in the area, providing that the above PEA is included within the condition identifying approved plans and documents on the decision notice and the recommendations are implemented as agreed. European Protected Species: Legislation and Policy All species of British bats are European Protected Species, legally protected under The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended). Legal protection relates to the animals themselves and the places they use to rest and breed.

Where a European Protected Species is present and development proposal is likely to contravene the legal protection they are afforded, the development may only proceed under licence issued by Natural Resources Wales, having satisfied the three requirements set out in the legislation. One of these requires that the development authorised will 'not be detrimental to the maintenance of the population of the species concerned at a favourable conservation status (FCS) in their natural range'. These requirements are translated into planning policy through Planning Policy Wales (PPW) December 2018, section 6.4.22 and 6.4.23, and Technical Advice Note (TAN) 5, Nature Conservation and Planning (September 2009). The planning authority should take them into account when considering development proposals where a European Protected Species is present.

Protected Sites

The site lies adjacent to the Gann Estuary, part of the Milford Haven Waterway Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) and Pembrokeshire Marine Special Area of Conservation (SAC). Regulation 63 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 requires you, as the competent authority, to undertake an appropriate assessment of any plan or project which is likely to have significant effects, either alone or in combination with other plans and projects, on the SAC. Your Authority must satisfy itself that there are no likely significant effects, either alone or in combination with other plans and projects, and if necessary undertake an appropriate assessment of the implications of the proposed scheme for the SAC in view of its conservation objectives, before granting planning permission. In the Preliminary Ecological Appraisal (6.4 and 6.5), it is noted that it is possible for

pollution (increased sedimentation and spills) to enter the stream to the North of the boundary during the construction phase. Mitigation should be put in place to avoid this and the applicant should follow GPP 5 guidance'.

The PCNPA Ecologist has undertaken the TLSE and confirmed there is no likely significant effect and the HRA has been sent to NRW, but no response has been received at the time of writing this report.

Land Drainage:

The Drainage Engineers at Pembrokeshire County Council have been consulted with the development proposals; have confirmed that SAB consent would be required for the development, and have raised no objection, but have made the following comments:

'We are aware of instances of historic flooding affecting the land to the immediate north of the site to which the application refers to which would include the highway and land located to the east as a result of fluvial and or tidal flooding. We have no records as to indicate whether the application site has been affected by these events. It would appear that the application site is substantially located within a C2 area at risk of fluvial and or tidal flooding as defined by Development Advice Maps referred to under TAN15 Development and Flood Risk. Advice should be sought from Natural Resources Wales with regard to flood risk if not already done so'.

Conclusion

There is a fundamental policy objection to development in this location which is partially within a C2 flood zone and within a coastal risk management area defined in LDP2. It is also contrary to Policy 41 which directs new camping sites to appropriate locations and to Policies 8 and 14 of LDP which protect the National Park and its special qualities.

The potential impact on residential amenity is not considered to comply with Policy 30 of the Local Development Plan and the application cannot therefore be supported.

Officers do not consider that the development's economic value to the area outweighs the policy conflict. The site is small scale and if there were to be a local economic need (which is not evidenced in the application) then that could be better catered for at an alternative location or by improvements to existing facilities.

Recommendation

REFUSE, for the following reason(s):

 The proposed development introduces a recreational use within the coastal change management area as defined within the Local Development Plan proposals maps and is therefore contrary to Policies 34

& 35 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan, TAN15, and Planning Policy Wales.

- 2. The proposed site will cause harm to the special qualities of the National Park's landscape, as identified within the Supplementary Planning Guidance for Camping, Caravanning and Chalet development and is therefore contrary to Policy 41 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan.
- 3. The proposed development will lead to a detriment to the residential amenity of nearby dwellings and is therefore contrary to Policy 30 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan.

If Committee were minded to approve the application, contrary to officers advice, the following conditions would be suggested:

1. Consent is granted for a period of five years beginning with the date of this consent.

Reason: In the interests of being able to monitor the impact on residential amenity and to be able to monitor the landscape impact in relation to Policies 30, 35, and 41.

2. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans and documents:

Location Plan - drawing 01a

Proposed site plan dated 20/05/2021 - drawing 02J

Preliminary Ecological Report dated February 2021

Bell Tent Details - drawing 03

Toilet Block Details - drawing 04a

Reason: In order to be clear on the approved scheme of development in the interests of protecting visual amenity and the special qualities of the National Park. Policy: Local Development Plan 2 – Policies 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 14 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park) and 29 (Sustainable Design).

3. The pitching of tents and parking of vehicles shall take place in the identified areas as shown on drawing 02j (proposed site plan), with a maximum of 7 tents pitched at any one time and no more than 35 persons resident at any one time. There shall be no pitching of tents or parking of occupiers vehicles elsewhere within the site. Occupation of a tent shall not be associated with any other form of temporary holiday accommodation (such as caravans, motor homes or other tents).

Reason: In the interests of protecting the amenity of adjoining residential neighbours and in accordance with Policy 30 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan

4. The site shall only be occupied by tents and associated structures between March 1 and October 31 in any calendar year. Outside of this period all tents, and the amenity structure shall be removed and stored off the site of development.

Reason: In the interests of protecting the special qualities of the National park and in accordance with Policy 7 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan.

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 (or any order revoking, re-enacting or modifying that Order), the site the subject of this permission and defined on the drawings listed in condition 2) above shall be used only as defined in this permission and for no other temporary or seasonal uses in connection with the operation of the holiday accommodation, or any other temporary or seasonal use other than agriculture.

Reason: In the interests of protecting the special qualities of the National park and in accordance with Policy 7 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan.

- 6. No standby generator for the purpose to supply electricity to the site shall be used on site without the written permission of the Local Planning Authority. The source of electricity supply shall be obtained from mains electricity. Reason: In the interests of protecting the amenity of adjoining residential neighbours and in accordance with Policy 30 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan.
- 7. A noise management scheme detailing particulars of the transient noise sources (e.g. vehicles arriving leaving; loud amplified music/sound from vehicles; use of the recreation etc) to be generated within the site together with their respective noise mitigation measures shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority before the site is used for tents; and the development shall be used in every respect in accordance with the submitted management scheme.

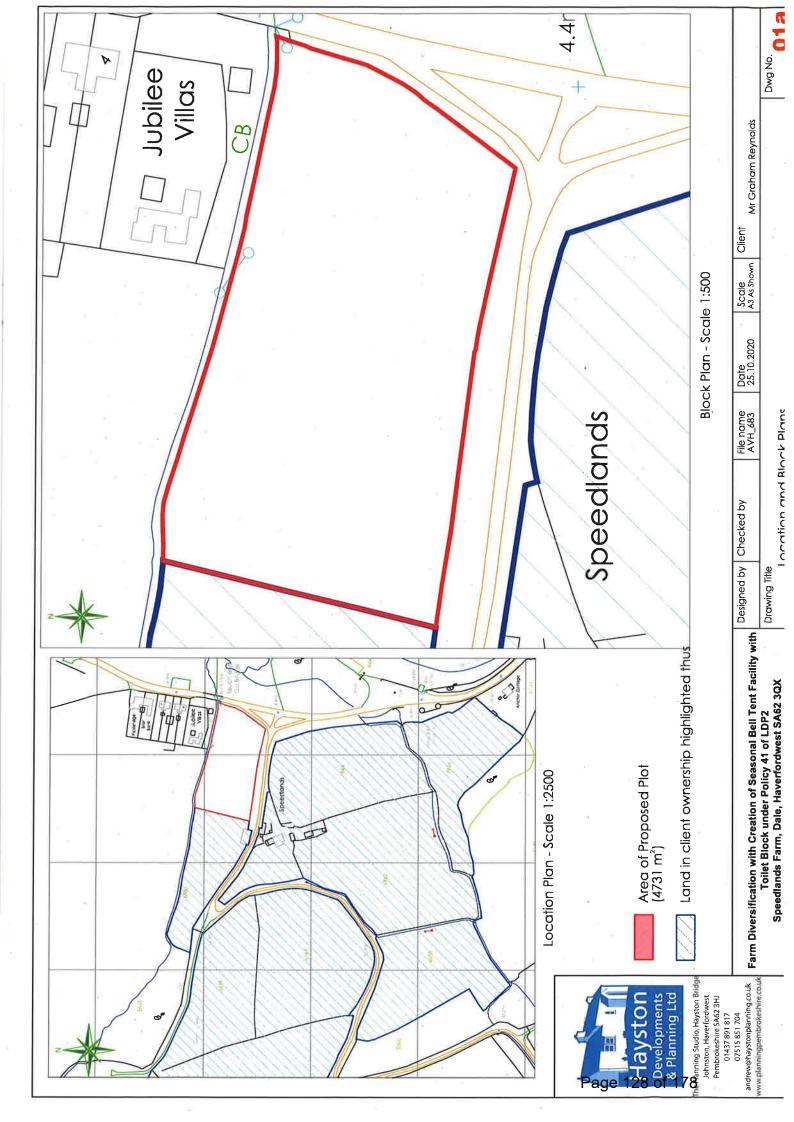
Reason: In the interests of protecting the amenity of adjoining residential neighbours and in accordance with Policy 30 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan.

- 8. All building construction operations (including landscaping) shall be carried out between the following hours: Monday to Fridays 08:00 to 18:00 hours; Saturdays from 08:00 hours to 13:00 hours and at no times on Sundays, Bank and Public Holidays.
 - **Reason**: In the interests of protecting the amenity of adjoining residential neighbours and in accordance with Policy 30 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan.
- 9. The use for camping hereby permitted shall not be begun before details of the arrangements for the storing and collection of refuse and waste have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority and the development shall not be carried out otherwise than in accordance with any approval given.

Reason: In the interests of protecting the special qualities of the National park and in accordance with Policy 7 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan.

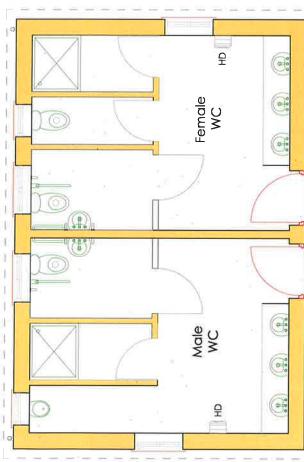
- 10. There shall be no external lighting to the site unless a further application is submitted for lighting.
 - **Reason**: In the interests of protecting the special qualities of the National Park against light pollution and in accordance with Policy 9 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan.
- 11. All retained trees, hedgebanks and hedge boundary features and/or any trees whose canopies overhang the site shall be protected by strong fencing in accordance with BS5837: 2012 Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction – Recommendations for the duration of the development and to be agreed in writing with this authority prior to commencement. The fencing shall be erected before any equipment, machinery or materials are brought onto the site for the purposes of the development, and shall be maintained until all equipment, machinery and surplus materials have been removed from the site. Nothing shall be stored or placed within any fenced area, and the ground levels within those areas shall not be altered, nor shall any excavation be made, without the prior written consent of the local planning authority. **Reason**: In the interests of maintaining a suitable scheme of landscaping to protect the visual amenity of the area, to maintain the special qualities of the landscape and habitats through the protection, creation and enhancement of links between sites and their protection for amenity, landscape and biodiversity value. Policy: Local Development Plan – Policies: 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 14 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park), 30 (Amenity), Technical Advice Note (TAN) 5: Nature Conservation and Planning (2009), Technical Advice Note (TAN) 10: Tree Preservation Orders (1997)
- 12. No development shall take place until details of soft landscape and new boundary works have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. These details shall include:
 - -Clarification of planting / landscaping proposals
 - Scale plan on proposed site layout showing precise site-specific locations
 - Schedules of plants (trees and hedges)
 - Plant species
 - Plant supply sizes
 - -Proposed numbers of each proposed species
 - Hedge planting density and method (e.g., double staggered) Implementation programme / timescale / phasing of planting
 - Management and replacement of failures details
 - Pembrokeshire hedgebank construction

Reason: In the interests of maintaining a suitable scheme of landscaping to protect the visual amenity of the area, to maintain the special qualities of the landscape and habitats through the protection, creation and enhancement of links between sites and their protection for amenity, landscape and biodiversity value. Policy: Local Development Plan – Policies: 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 14 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park), 30 (Amenity), Technical Advice Note (TAN) 5: Nature Conservation and Planning (2009), Technical Advice Note (TAN) 10: Tree Preservation Orders (1997)









Floor Plan - Scale 1:50



West Elevation

North Elevation



Windows - Timber painted white or white uPVC Walls - Timber cladding left to weather Doors - Timber painted white or white UPVC Roof - Glass fibre - grey in colour Rainwater goods - white uPVC



Ranning Studio, Hayston Bridge

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East Elevation





Elevations - Scale 1:100

Farm Diversification with Creation of Seasonal Bell Tent Facility with	Designed b
Toilet Block under Policy 41 of LDP2 Speedlands Farm, Dale, Haverfordwest SA62 3QX	Drawing Tit

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Dwg No.

Mr Graham Reynolds

Client

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Date 22.04.2021