

## **Report of Administration & Democratic Services Manager and Deputy Monitoring Officer**

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### **Subject: Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales Draft Annual Report 2022/23**

#### Purpose of Report

To inform Members of the consultation draft Annual Report of the Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales (the Panel) on the proposed level of Members' salaries for 2022/23 and to seek their views thereon.

#### Introduction/Background

The Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales was appointed in January 2008 under the provisions of The Local Authorities (Allowances for Members) (Wales) Regulations 2007. The Panel was established on a permanent basis to determine the maximum levels of allowances payable by county and county borough councils.

Following the passing of the Local Government (Wales) Measure on the 10<sup>th</sup> May 2011, the Panel's remit was extended to include National Park Authorities, Fire and Rescue Authorities and 'civic heads' in local authorities. Not only that, Section 142 of the Measure extended the Panel's powers to enable it to prescribe payments rather than determine the maxima as it had done previously.

The Panel has now published its draft Annual Report for 2022/23 and the deadline for responses is the 26<sup>th</sup> November 2021.

#### Draft Annual Report 2022/23

A copy of the draft Annual Report can be found on the Panel's website: [Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales: draft annual report 2022 to 2023 | GOV.WALES](#).

Those extracts of the report that are relevant to this Authority are appended for Members' information but, in essence, the Panel has decided that:

- the Basic Salary will increase by £685 to £4,738 per annum. (This is in recognition of the fact that salaries have not kept pace with the original comparator that was used to set the salary, or any other public sector comparison. The Panel has therefore decided this is an opportune time to rectify this situation and to reinstate the link to the average Welsh earnings and, with local government elections due to take place next year, they hope to encourage greater diversity and enable potential candidates to consider putting themselves forward for election);
- the Senior Salary for the Chair of the Authority will increase accordingly to £13,531 per annum;
- the Senior Salary for the Deputy Chair of the Authority and any other Committee Chairs or other senior posts will increase accordingly to £8,478 per annum, and



- there are no increases in travel and subsistence costs when on official business.

These changes will be implemented on the 1<sup>st</sup> April 2022.

#### Financial considerations

The resource implications associated with the Panel's determinations can be met from existing budgets.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

**Members' opinion is sought:**

- (a) whether to submit a response to the Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales' draft Annual Report and, if so**
- (b) the content of such a response.**

#### Background Documents

*Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales' Annual Report 2022/23: consultation draft*

*(For further information, please contact Janet Evans, Administration & Democratic Services Manager and Deputy Monitoring Officer on 01646 624834 or by e-mailing [janete@pembrokeshirecoast.org.uk](mailto:janete@pembrokeshirecoast.org.uk))*

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*Consultees: Tegryn Jones, Chief Executive and Richard Griffiths, Finance Manager*





To:

Leaders and Chief Executives of County and County Borough Councils  
Chairs and Chief Executives of National Park Authorities  
Chairs and Clerks of Fire and Rescue Authorities  
Chair and Chief Executive of One Voice Wales  
Leader and Chief Executive of Welsh Local Government Association  
Head of Democratic/Members Services of County and County  
Borough Councils, National Park Authorities and Fire and Rescue Authorities  
Community & Town Councils

29 September 2021

Dear Colleague

### **Independent Remuneration for Wales – Draft Annual Report 2022/2023**

The Panel's draft Annual Report for 2022/23 is attached. We would appreciate and welcome comments during the consultation period which ends on 26 November 2021.

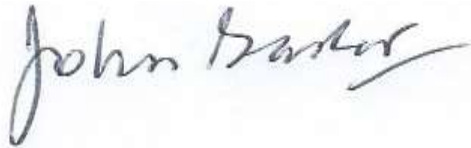
Elections for principal councils and community and town councils will take place in May 2022, so the next Report of the Panel will coincide with the new municipal term. For several years payments to elected members of the 22 principal councils has not kept pace with the original comparator that was used to set the basic salary, or any other public sector comparison. The Panel has decided this is an opportune time to rectify this situation and to reinstate the link to the average welsh earnings (based on 3 days).

The draft Report also sets out changes to the remuneration framework for community and town councils following an extensive consultation exercise which we undertook earlier in the year.



We look forward to receiving comments on the proposals contained in the draft Report and will consider all of the responses prior to producing the final Report for publication in February 2022.

Yours sincerely

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "John Bader". The signature is written in a cursive style with a long, sweeping underline.

John Bader  
Chair





# Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales

## Annual Report

DRAFT

February 2022



# ANNUAL REPORT 2022/2023

## FOREWORD

The Covid pandemic continues to impact on the work of the Panel in that we have been unable to meet with authorities and their representative organisations face to face. However, we have continued to meet regularly and have meaningful discussions to meet our statutory obligations via Microsoft Teams or Zoom.

It has been a difficult time for the public sector but local authorities in Wales have demonstrated their resilience and capabilities over the past 18 months. 2022 is an election year for local government and the new five year term provides the opportunity to reset the basic salaries of elected members to align with the average earnings in Wales. This has been eroded in successive years, primarily as a result of austerity measures. We consider that it is important that the payments to elected members of principal councils be fair and at a level that is not a disincentive to potential candidates for election.

We have undertaken a major consultation exercise in respect of the Remuneration Framework for community and town councils and the outcome is contained in [Section 13](#) of this draft Report. I would like to express my appreciation to all the councils and individual members and officers for their involvement in the exercise.

There have been changes to the membership of the Panel. Ruth Glazzard joined the Panel in April and Helen Wilkinson replaced Claire Sharp in July. My personal thanks to Claire for her contribution to the work of the Panel.

The consultation period for this draft Report ends on **26 November 2021**. The Panel would appreciate comments which will be considered prior to the production of the final Report.

John Bader  
Chair

Panel Membership  
John Bader, Chair  
Saz Willey, Vice Chair  
Joe Stockley  
Ruth Glazzard  
Helen Wilkinson

Detailed information about the members can be found on the website: [Panel website](#)



## Timescale for Implementation of the Panel's Determinations

The Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 requires the Panel's Annual Report to take effect from 1 April. In most years, this is in line with financial and administrative arrangements of all authorities. However, when new councils are elected some of the Panel's determinations are to be effective for the new municipal term.

On 9 May 2022, new municipal arrangements will come into effect following local government elections. This Annual Report therefore has two different effective dates as set out below:

1. For the period 1 April 2022 to 8 May 2022, all of the Determinations contained in the Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales' [Annual Report 2021/2022](#) will continue to apply in respect of principal councils and community and town councils.
2. For national park authorities and Welsh fire and rescue authorities the determinations in Sections [7](#) and [8](#) of this Report will apply from the new financial year, 1 April 2022.
3. With effect from 9 May 2022, (the new municipal year) the determinations set out in this Report in Sections [3](#) and [13](#) will apply to principal councils and community and town councils.



## Executive Summary

**This is the fourteenth Annual Report of the Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales (the Panel), published under the requirements of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (as amended).**

1. As Wales emerges from the Covid pandemic, local democracy and public services will have a vital role to play in strengthening the resilience of our local communities and economies. 2022 is a milestone year because of this overarching context.
2. As a Panel our firm belief is that this is a reset moment for Welsh democracy and for valuing our public services; an important opportunity to future proof our democracy and public services. We have therefore taken time to engage with stakeholders, pause and reflect on the impact of the decisions we take and the messages we are communicating in making this year's determinations.
3. From inception, the Panel has consistently and vigorously expressed that local democracy and the governance of public services are not cost free and need to be valued if we are to enable everyone to participate. Levels of remuneration need to be set at a level sufficient to encourage a diversity of willing and able people to undertake local governance through elected, appointed or co-opted roles. It is important to promote a culture which encourages take up of remuneration to ensure that people from all walks of life can participate confidently in our democracy. However, the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 requires the Panel to have regard to the financial implication of its decisions. We have discussed the issue of affordability with representatives of the WLGA and the general consensus is that in the context of a council's income and expenditure the Panel's determinations do not have a significant impact. We consider that the proposals set out in this draft Report meet the legislative requirement.
4. Since 2009, remuneration of elected members of local government in Wales has not kept pace with measures of inflation or other possible comparators. These include Retail Prices Index, Consumer Prices Index, NJC (public sector employees), National Living Wage (NLW), [the Living Wage Foundation's Living Wage \(LWF\) rates](#), Members of Senedd Cymru, and MPs and also the Annual Survey of Hourly Earnings (ASHE). This is the result of austerity and pressure on public finances. This has the potential to perpetuate socio-economic disadvantage, adding to perceptions of a democratic deficit.



## Yearly percentage increases to basic salary, benchmarks and alternative measures 2013 to 2021

Annual Report Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
IRPW Basic	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.75	3.49	2.52	1.06
ASHE*	4.00	0.60	1.00	2.70	1.00	2.10	5.10	0.60	Oct-21
NLW	1.90	3.00	3.10	7.50	4.20	4.40	4.90	6.20	2.18
LWF	3.47	2.68	2.61	5.10	2.42	3.55	2.86	3.33	2.15

5. During this period, decision-making and local governance has increased in complexity with increased responsibilities flowing from legal, social, economic, cultural and technological changes. People's lifestyles (and expectations) have also changed in the last decade with increased requirements and expectations for a flexible approach to support people with family and care pressures to participate and contribute at work and in public life, through job sharing, flexibility and family leave. The diversity in democracy agenda has gained traction, underpinned by the Equality Act with an increased expectation that people with protected characteristics should be encouraged and empowered to participate. Future proofing our democracy and governance also means that young people, those in work and those who are socially and economically disadvantaged are positively encouraged and empowered to participate as it is clear that our public services should be accountable to and delivered by people who reflect the communities they serve. There is evidence that greater diversity will ensure decision-making takes account of a wide variety of perspectives.
6. The Covid pandemic has put unprecedented pressure on our politicians and public servants. It has also highlighted the importance of our local and community infrastructure in developing rapid and innovative solutions. As Wales emerges from the pandemic, there is increased awareness that our nation needs to draw on a diverse talent pool to meet the scale of the ongoing challenges facing the nation. Local governance needs to engage lived experience and knowledge of local people.
7. As noted in this report, payments for councillors in the 22 principal councils in Wales have not kept pace with comparators such as ASHE. Financial constraints on the public sector and particularly on local authorities over many years meant that the link with average Welsh earnings could not be maintained. The Panel considers that this has undervalued the worth of elected members and that it is now time to restore this link as the most appropriate comparator. Members in these 22 principal councils will receive, proportionately, the same as the overall average amount that a Welsh constituent received in 2020. We believe this puts a fair value on the contribution made by local politicians. We hope that over time this will encourage greater diversity and enable potential candidates to consider putting themselves forward for election.
8. Local elections in Wales will take place on 5 May 2022 for a new municipal term and potentially many new local politicians. The 9 May 2022 is therefore the best date in our view to enact this 'significant reset' and invest in local democracy in



Wales. Our proposed increase in remuneration levels will therefore come into effect on this date. Further details can be found in [Section 3](#).

9. As a Panel, we are concerned that payment information provided by relevant authorities shows that very few members are utilising the provision in the framework for financial support in respect of care. We believe it is vital that Democratic Services Committees continue to encourage and facilitate greater use of this element of the Remuneration Framework so that members are not financially disadvantaged.
10. We also believe that encouraging take up of this financial support for members with caring responsibilities will send a positive signal that members with these responsibilities are welcome and valued. We hope that it will encourage others with caring responsibilities to consider standing for election.
11. Payments for members of national park authorities and Welsh fire and rescue authorities will increase as a result of the uplift proposed for elected members of principal councils. As indicated above these increases will be effective from 1 April 2022, the new financial year. The Panel considered the alternative for implementation following the annual meeting of each authority, but this could mean a significant delay in individuals receiving the new payments. This would not be equitable.
12. Early in 2021 the Panel commenced a major review of the Remuneration Framework in respect of community and town councils and undertook a comprehensive consultation exercise with the sector. We appreciated the level of engagement from individual councils and their representative organisations. The Covid pandemic limited the Panel's opportunities for face to face engagement in 2020/2021. However, the Panel's digital engagement was considerable. The Panel recognises a wide variation in geography, scope and scale across the 735 community and town councils in Wales, from small community councils with relatively minimal expenditure and few meetings to large town councils with significant assets and responsibilities. Our recommendations for reform and the proposed new framework are set out in [Section 13](#).
13. In reaching our conclusions we have also taken account of:
  - the overarching framework of the [Wellbeing of Future Generations Act](#);
  - the ethos and principle of the [socio-economic duty](#), implemented in Wales in 2020;
  - Welsh Government's ongoing commitment to [equality](#) and [diversity in democracy](#);

## **2022-2023 Determinations**

14. The table below summarises the new and updated determinations in this year's Annual Report informed by our belief and rationale for investing in local democracy and public services and by the principles outlined above.



[Annex 1](#) outlines all of the Panel's determinations for 2022/23.

<b>Summary of new and updated determinations contained in this report</b>
<b>Principal Councils</b>
<b>Determination 1:</b> The basic salary in 2022/23 for elected members of principal councils shall be £16,800.
<b>Determination 2:</b> Senior salary levels in 2022/23 for members of principal councils shall be as set out in Table 4.
<b>Determination 3:</b> Where paid, a civic head must be paid a Band 3 salary of £25,593 in accordance with Table 4.
<b>Determination 4:</b> Where paid, a deputy civic head must be paid a Band 5 salary of £20,540 in accordance with Table 4.
<b>Determination 5:</b> Where appointed and if remunerated, a presiding member must be paid £25,593 in accordance with Table 4.
<b>Assistants to the Executive</b>
<b>Determination 13:</b> The Panel will decide on a case-by-case basis the appropriate senior salary, if any, for assistants to the executive.
<b>National Park Authorities</b>
<b>Determination 23:</b> The basic salary for NPA ordinary members shall be £4,738 with effect from 1 April 2022.
<b>Determination 24:</b> The senior salary of the chair of a NPA shall be £13,531 with effect from 1 April 2022.
<b>Determination 25:</b> A NPA senior salary of £8,478 must be paid to a deputy chair where appointed.
<b>Determination 26:</b> Committee chairs or other senior posts can be paid. This shall be paid at £8,478.
<b>Fire and Rescue Authorities</b>
<b>Determination 30:</b> The basic salary for FRA ordinary members shall be £2,369 with effect from 1 April 2022.
<b>Determination 31:</b> The senior salary of the chair of a FRA shall be £11,162 with effect from 1 April 2022.
<b>Determination 32:</b> A FRA senior salary of £6,109 must be paid to the deputy chair where appointed.
<b>Determination 33:</b> Chairs of committees or other senior posts can be paid. This shall be paid at £6,109.
<b>Community and Town Councils</b>
<b>Determination 48:</b> Each council can decide to introduce an attendance allowance for members. The amount of each payment must not exceed £30. A member in receipt of financial loss will not be entitled to claim attendance allowance for the same event.  Councils that intend to introduce a system of attendance allowances must set out the details of the scheme and publish on their website.



## 7. Payments to Members of National Park Authorities (NPAs)

### Structure of National Park Authorities

- 7.1 The three national parks in Wales - Brecon Beacons, Pembrokeshire Coast and Snowdonia were formed to protect spectacular landscapes and provide recreation opportunities for the public. The Environment Act 1995 led to the creation of a National Park Authority (NPA) for each park.
- 7.2 National park authorities comprise members who are either elected members nominated by the principal councils within the national park area or are members appointed by the Welsh Government through the Public Appointments process. Welsh Government appointed and council nominated members are treated equally in relation to remuneration.
- 7.3 The structure of the members' committee at each of the three national parks is set out in Table 5.

**Table 5: Membership of Welsh National Park Authorities**

National Park Authority	Total Membership	Principal Council Members	Welsh Government appointed Members
<b>Brecon Beacons</b>	18	12: Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council – 1 Carmarthenshire County Council – 1 Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council – 1 Monmouthshire County Council – 1 Powys County Council – 6 Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council - 1 Torfaen County Borough Council – 1	6
<b>Pembrokeshire Coast</b>	18	12: Pembrokeshire County Council – 12	6
<b>Snowdonia</b>	18	12: Conwy County Borough Council – 3 Gwynedd Council – 9	6

- 7.4 Standards Committees of NPAs also have independent co-opted members whose remuneration is included in the Framework as set out in [Section 9](#).
- 7.5 The Panel has based its determinations on the following key points:
- NPAs manage their work via formal authority meetings, committees and task and finish groups. Each has a Development, Management and or Planning Committee, and other committees include Performance and



Resources and Audit and Scrutiny. Ordinary NPA members are members of at least one committee as well as being involved in site visits and inspection panels.

- There is an expectation that members will participate in training and development.
- The chair of an NPA has a leadership and influencing role in the authority, a representational role similar in some respects to that of a civic head and a high level of accountability. The chair is not only the leader of the authority but is also the public face of the particular national park and is the link with the Minister and MS' with whom they have regular meetings. The role requires a high level of commitment and time.

### **Basic and senior salaries**

- 7.6 The time commitment on which the remuneration of members is based is 44 days. The salary for members of NPAs will increase to £4,738.
- 7.7 The Panel has determined that the remuneration of a NPA chair should be aligned to that part of a Band 3 senior salary received by a committee chair of a principal council. This salary will increase to £13,531.
- 7.8 NPAs can determine the number of senior posts it requires as appropriate to its governance arrangements.
- 7.9 The Panel has made the following determinations:

**Determination 23: The basic salary for NPA ordinary members shall be £4,738 with effect from 1 April 2022.**

**Determination 24: The senior salary of the chair of a NPA shall be £13,531 with effect from 1 April 2022.**

**Determination 25: A NPA senior salary of £8,478 must be paid to a deputy chair where appointed.**

**Determination 26: Committee chairs or other senior posts can be paid. This shall be paid at £8,478.**

**Determination 27: Members must not receive more than one NPA senior salary.**



**Determination 28: A NPA senior salary is paid inclusive of the NPA basic salary.**

**Determination 29: Members of a principal council in receipt of a Band 1 or Band 2 senior salary cannot receive a salary from any NPA to which they have been appointed. Where this situation applies, it is the responsibility of the individual member to comply.**

Note: Family absence does not apply to Welsh Government appointed members and local authority nominees are covered by their principal council so NPAs are not required to make any arrangements in this respect.



## 9. Payments to Co-opted Members of Principal Councils, National Park Authorities and Fire & Rescue Authorities<sup>6</sup>

- 9.1 The Panel has determined that a daily or half daily fee is appropriate remuneration for the important role undertaken by co-opted members of authorities with voting rights.
- 9.2 The number of days in any one year for which co-opted members may be paid varies and reflects the specific work discharged by the relevant committee. This context for payment therefore differs from that for elected members of principal councils which provides a monthly payment. Many elected members of principal councils report that they rely on this as part of a core income without which they would be unable to continue in the role.
- 9.3 In dialogue with the Panel, co-opted members acknowledge the importance of fees they receive but do not identify these payments as an income for living upon which they depend. Panel determinations in relation to co-opted member fees occur in this context and any uplifts are therefore not comparable with the changes to salaries of elected members.
- 9.4 Recognising the important role that co-opted members discharge, payment must be made for travel and preparation time; committee and other types of meetings as well as other activities, including training, as set out in Determinations 38 to 41.
- 9.5 The determinations are set out below. Principal councils, NPAs and FRAs must tell co-opted members the name of the appropriate officer who will provide them with the information required for their claims; and make the appropriate officer aware of the range of payments that should be made.

**Determination 37: Principal Councils, NPAs and FRAs must pay the following fees to co-opted members who have voting rights (Table 7).**

**Table 7: Fees for co-opted members (with voting rights)**

Chairs of standards, and audit committees	£268 (4 hours and over) £134 (up to 4 hours)
Ordinary Members of Standards Committees who also chair Standards Committees for Community and Town Councils	£238 daily fee (4 hours and over) £119 (up to 4 hours)
Ordinary Members of Standards Committees; Education Scrutiny Committee; Crime and Disorder Scrutiny Committee and Audit Committee	£210 (4 hours and over) £105 (up to 4 hours)
Community and Town Councillors sitting on Principal Council Standards Committees	£210 (4 hours and over) £105 (up to 4 hours)



**Determination 38: Reasonable time for pre-meeting preparation is to be included in claims made by co-opted members the extent of which can be determined by the appropriate officer in advance of the meeting.**

**Determination 39: Travelling time to and from the place of the meeting is to be included in the claims for payments made by co-opted members (up to the maximum of the daily rate).**

**Determination 40: The appropriate officer within the authority must determine in advance whether a meeting is programmed for a full day and the fee will be paid on the basis of this determination even if the meeting finishes before four hours has elapsed.**

**Determination 41: Fees must be paid for meetings and other activities including other committees and working groups (including task and finish groups), pre-meetings with officers, training and attendance at conferences or any other formal meeting to which co-opted members are requested to attend.**

#### **Support for co-opted members**

**Determination 42: Each authority, through its Democratic Services Committee or other appropriate committee, must ensure that all voting co-opted members are given as much support as is necessary to enable them to fulfil their duties effectively. Such support should be without cost to the individual member.**

<sup>6</sup> This section does not apply to co-opted members to community and town councils.



## **10. Contribution towards Costs of Care and Personal Assistance (CPA)**

- 10.1 This section applies to all members of principal councils, NPAs, FRAs and to co-opted members of these authorities. The same provision applies to community and town councils.
- 10.2 The purpose of this section is to enable people who have personal support needs and or caring responsibilities to carry out their duties effectively as a member of an authority. The Panel believes that additional costs of care required to carry out approved duties should not deter any individual from becoming and remaining a member of an authority or limit their ability to carry out the role. The Panel has adopted specific principles related to support for the costs of care which were the subject of a [Supplementary Report](#) published in February 2020. These principles are set out in Table 8.
- 10.3 The Panel reviewed the arrangements for this financial support and has made the following changes:
- a) As payments are taxable under the current HMRC rules, full reimbursement is not possible so for clarity this is retitled to “contribution towards the costs of care and personal assistance”. It will still require receipts to accompany claims.
  - b) Claims can be made in respect of a dependant under 16 years of age, or a minor or adult who normally lives with the member as part of their family and who cannot be left unsupervised.
  - c) Reimbursement may be claimed for member’s own care or support needs where the support and/or cost of any additional needs are not available or are not met directly by the authority such as Access to Work, Personal Independence Payments, insurance. These could arise when the needs are recent and or temporary.
- 10.4 Members, including co-opted members are entitled to claim towards the costs of care and personal assistance, for activities that the individual council has designated official business or an approved duty which might include appropriate and reasonable preparation and travelling time. It is a matter for individual authorities to determine specific arrangements to implement this. Each authority must ensure that any payments made are appropriately linked to official business or approved duty.
- 10.5 The Panel reviewed the maximum monthly payment in recognition that this has not changed for several years. Information indicates that monthly costs and claims vary considerably. These can depend on the number of dependants, their ages and other factors. Therefore the monthly cap will be replaced with the following arrangements:
- Formal (registered with Care Inspectorate Wales) care costs to be paid as evidenced.



- Informal (unregistered) care costs to be paid up to a maximum rate equivalent to [hourly rates as defined by the Living Wage Foundation](#) at the time the costs are incurred.

For clarification, care costs cannot be paid to someone who is a part of a member's household.

- 10.6 The Panel continues to recognise the issues relating to the publication of this legitimate expense and has retained the requirements for publication set out in [Annex 4](#). To support current members and to encourage diversity the Panel urges authorities to promote and encourage greater take-up of the contribution towards costs of care and personal assistance.

**Table 8**

**The Panel's principles relating to Care and Personal Assistance (CPA)**

<b>The Minimum Authorities should do</b>		<b>How this could be done</b>
Be clear who it is for	<p>Members with primary caring responsibilities for a child or adult and/or personal support needs where these are not covered by statutory or other provision.</p> <p>Claims for personal support might also include a short term or recent condition not covered by the Equality Act 2010, access to work, Personal Payments, insurance or other provision.</p>	A confidential review of the needs of individual members annually and when circumstances change
Raise Awareness	Ensure potential candidates, candidates and current members are aware that financial support is available to them should their current or future circumstances require.	Ensure clear and easily accessible information is available on website and in election and appointment materials, at Shadowing and at induction and in the members' "handbook". Remind serving members via email and or training. Signpost to Panel's <a href="#">Payments to Councillors</a> leaflets.
Promote a Positive Culture	Ensure all members understand the reason for CPA and support and encourage others to claim where needed.	Encouragement within and across all parties of relevant authorities to support members to claim.



The Minimum Authorities should do		How this could be done
		Agree not to advertise or make public individual decisions not to claim.
Set out the approved duties for which CPA can be claimed	<p><b>Meetings</b> – formal (those called by the authority) and those necessary to members’ work (to deal with constituency but not party issues) and personal development (training, and appraisals.)</p> <p><b>Travel</b> – in connection with meetings.</p> <p><b>Preparation</b> – reading and administration are part of a member’s role. Some meetings and committees require large amounts of reading, analysis or drafting before or after a meeting.</p> <p>Senior salary holders with additional duties may have higher costs.</p>	<p>Approved duties are usually a matter of fact. Interpretation of the Panel’s Regulations are set out in the Annual Report.</p> <p>“Any other duty approved by the authority, or any duty of class so approved, undertaken for the purpose of, or in connection with, the discharge of the functions of the authority or any of its committees.”</p>
Be as enabling as possible about the types of care that can be claimed	<p>Members should not be out of pocket subject to the limit set in the Annual Report.</p> <p>Models of care and needs vary. Members may use a combination of several care options.</p> <p>Patterns of care may alter over the civic and academic year.</p> <p>Not all care is based on hourly (or part hourly) rates.</p> <p>Where a whole session must be paid for, this must be reimbursed even where the care need is only for part of a session.</p> <p>Members may need to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• book and pay for sessions in advance</li> <li>• commit to a block contract: week, month or term</li> <li>• pay for sessions cancelled at short notice</li> </ul> <p>Where care need straddles two sessions both should be reimbursed.</p>	



The Minimum Authorities should do		How this could be done
Have a simple and effective claim process	<p>Members should know how to claim.</p> <p>The claim process should be clear, proportionate and auditable.</p>	<p>Check members understand how to claim and that it is easy to do so.</p> <p>Flexibility to accept paperless invoices</p> <p>Online form</p> <p>Same or similar form to travel costs claim</p>
Comply with Panel's Publication rules	<p>The Panel's Framework states:</p> <p>"In respect of the publication of the reimbursement of the costs of care, the Panel has decided that relevant authorities should only publish the total amount reimbursed during the year. It is a matter for each authority to determine its response to any Freedom of Information requests it receives. However, it is not intended that details of individual claims should be disclosed."</p>	

**Determination 43: All relevant authorities must provide a payment towards necessary costs for the care of dependent children and adults (provided by informal or formal carers) and for personal assistance needs as follows:**

- **Formal (registered with Care Inspectorate Wales) care costs to be paid as evidenced.**
- **Informal (unregistered) care costs to be paid up to a maximum rate equivalent to the [hourly rates as defined by the Living Wage Foundation](#) at the time the costs are incurred.**

**This must be for the additional costs incurred by members to enable them to carry out official business or approved duties. Each authority must ensure that any payments made are appropriately linked to official business or approved duty. Payment shall only be made on production of receipts from the care provider.**



## 11. Sickness Absence for Senior Salary Holders

11.1 The Family Absence Regulations (approved by the National Assembly in 2014) are very specific relating to entitlement and only available for elected members of principal councils. Absence for reasons of ill-health is not included.

11.2 Instances have been raised with the Panel of senior salary holders on long term sickness and the perceived unfairness in comparison with the arrangements for family absence. In consequence, councils are faced with the dilemma of:

- operating without the individual member but still paying them the senior salary.
- replacing the member who therefore loses the senior salary (but retains the basic salary).

11.3 The Panel's Framework provides specific arrangements for long term sickness as set out below:

- a) Long term sickness is defined as certified absences in excess of 4 weeks.
- b) The maximum length of sickness absence within these proposals is 26 weeks or until the individual's term of office ends, whichever is sooner (but if reappointed any remaining balance of the 26 weeks will be included).
- c) Within these parameters a senior salary holder on long term sickness can, if the authority decides, continue to receive remuneration for the post held.
- d) It is a decision of the authority whether to make a substitute appointment, but the substitute will be eligible to be paid the senior salary appropriate to the post.
- e) If the paid substitution results in the authority exceeding the maximum number of senior salaries payable for that authority, as set out in the Annual Report, an addition will be allowed for the duration of the substitution. (However, this would not apply to Merthyr Tydfil or the Isle of Anglesey councils if it would result in more than 50% of the membership receiving a senior salary. It would also not apply in respect of a council executive member if it would result in the cabinet exceeding 10 posts - the statutory maximum).
- f) When an authority agrees a paid substitution, the Panel must be informed within 14 days of the decision of the details including the specific post and the estimated length of the substitution. The authorities' Schedule of Remuneration must be amended accordingly.
- g) It does not apply to elected members of principal councils who are not senior post holders as they continue to receive basic salary for at least



six months irrespective of attendance and any extension beyond this timescale is a matter for the authority.

- 11.4 This arrangement applies to members of principal councils, NPAs and FRAs who are senior salary holders, including Welsh Government appointed members, but does not apply to co-opted members.

Note:

The Family Absence Regulations apply to elected members in cases of maternity, new-born, adoption and parental absences from official business. They do not apply to Welsh Government appointed members of NPAs.



## **12. Reimbursement of Travel and Subsistence Costs when on Official Business**

- 12.1 This section applies to members of principal councils, NPAs, FRAs and to co-opted members of these authorities. (Similar provision for community and town councils is contained in Section 13 as there is a different approach to such members, principally that the provision is permissive.)
- 12.2 Members may claim reimbursement for travel and subsistence (meals and accommodation) costs where these have arisen as a result of undertaking official business or approved duties.
- 12.3 Expenses reimbursed to members of principal councils, by their principal council are exempt from Income Tax and employee NICs. Members of NPAs and FR As may be subject to other arrangements as determined by HMRC.
- 12.4 The Panel is aware that in some instances members with disabilities have been reluctant to claim legitimate travel expenses because of an adverse response following the publication of their travel costs. As an alternative, travel arrangements could be made directly by the authority in such circumstances.
- 12.5 The Panel has determined there will be no change to mileage rates which members are entitled to claim. All authorities may only reimburse travel costs for their members undertaking official business within and or outside the authority's boundaries at the current HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) rates which are:

### **Reimbursement of mileage costs**

45p per mile	Up to 10,000 miles in a year by car
25p per mile	Over 10,000 miles in a year by car
5p per mile	Per passenger carried on authority business
24p per mile	Motorcycles
20p per mile	Bicycles

- 12.6 Where a member who is on official business or an approved duty is driven by a third party (not a member or officer of that authority), the member can claim mileage at the prescribed rates plus any parking or toll fees provided the authority is satisfied that the member has incurred these costs.

### **Reimbursement of other travel costs**

- 12.7 All other claims for travel, including travel by taxi if this is the only, or most appropriate, method of transport, must only be reimbursed on production



of receipts showing the actual cost and will be subject to any requirement or further limitation that an authority may determine. Members should always be mindful of choosing the most cost-effective method of travel.

### **Reimbursement of subsistence costs**

£28 per day	Day allowance for meals, including breakfast, where not provided in the overnight charge
£200 per night	London
£95 per night	Elsewhere
£30 per night	Staying with friends and or family

- 12.8 These rates are in line with Welsh Government rates. Recommended practice is that overnight accommodation should usually be reserved and paid for on behalf of members by the relevant authority, in which case an authority may set its own reasonable limits and the limits which apply when an individual member claims in arrears for overnight accommodation costs do not then apply.
- 12.9 All authorities must continue to reimburse subsistence expenses for their members up to the maximum rates set out above on the basis of receipted claims except for occasions when members stay with friends and or family.
- 12.10 There may be instances where an authority has determined that travel costs within its boundaries are payable and require a journey to be repeated on consecutive days. Where it is reasonable and cost effective to reimburse overnight accommodation costs, instead of repeated daily mileage costs, then it is permissible to do so.
- 12.11 It is not necessary to allocate the maximum daily rate (£28 per day) between different meals as the maximum daily rate reimbursable covers a 24-hour period and can be claimed for any meal if relevant, provided such a claim is accompanied by receipts.

### **Car Parking for Members**

Several councils have specific arrangements for their members in respect of car parking. The Panel considers that it is a matter for individual councils to determine arrangements including payments to and from members providing that it is a decision made formally by the council.



## **Annex 4: Publication of Remuneration – the Panel’s Requirements**

In accordance with Section 151 of the Wales (Local Government) Measure 2011 the Panel requires that:

1. Relevant authorities must publish a Statement of Payments made to its members for each financial year. This information must be published in a form and location that is easily accessible to members of the public no later than 30 September following the end of the previous financial year and in the same timescale also provided to the Panel. The following information must be provided:
  - a. The amount of basic salary, senior salary, civic salary and co-opted member fee paid to each named member or co-opted member of the relevant authority, including where the member had chosen to forego all or part of the salary, or fee for the municipal year in question. Where a senior salary has been paid, the title of the senior office held is to be provided.
  - b. The payments made by community and town councils to named members as:
    - Payments in respect of telephone usage, information technology, consumables etc.
    - Responsibility payments
    - Allowances made to a mayor or chair and deputy mayor or deputy chair
    - Compensation for Financial Loss
    - Costs incurred in respect of travel and subsistence
  - c. All travel and subsistence expenses and other payments received by each named member and co-opted member of the relevant authority, with each category identified separately.
  - d. The amount of any further payments received by any named member nominated to, or appointed by, another relevant authority or other public body as defined by Section 67 of the Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013, namely:
    - a local health board
    - a police and crime panel
    - a relevant authority
    - a body designated as a public body in an order made by the Welsh Ministers.
  - e. Names of members who did not receive basic or senior salary because they were suspended for all or part of the annual period to which the Schedule applies.
  - f. In respect of the publication of the contribution towards costs of care and personal assistance, relevant authorities are only required to



publish the total amount reimbursed during the year. It is a matter for each authority to determine its response to any Freedom of Information requests it receives. However, it is not intended that details of individual claims should be disclosed.

2. **Nil returns** are required to be published and provided to the Panel by 30 September.
3. Retention. The time limit for the publications to be retained should be consistent with the council's policy on document retention.



## Annex 5: Summary of new and updated determinations contained in this report

The numbers of most of the determinations contained within this report have changed from previous reports.

To assist authorities, this table sets out the determinations in this report which are entirely new or have been updated.

<b>Summary of new and updated determinations contained in this report</b>
<b>Principal Councils</b>
Determination 1: The basic salary in 2022/23 for elected members of principal councils shall be £16,800.
Determination 2: Senior salary levels in 2022/23 for members of principal councils shall be as set out in Table 4.
Determination 3: Where paid, a civic head must be paid a Band 3 salary of £25,593 in accordance with Table 4.
Determination 4: Where paid, a Deputy Civic Head must be paid a Band 5 salary of £20,540 in accordance with Table 4.
Determination 5: Where appointed and if remunerated, a presiding member must be paid £25,593 in accordance with Table 4.
<b>Assistants to the Executive</b>
Determination 13: The Panel will decide on a case-by-case basis the appropriate senior salary, if any, for Assistants to the Executive.
<b>National Park Authorities</b>
Determination 22: The basic salary for NPA ordinary members shall be £4,738 with effect from 1 April 2022.
Determination 23: The senior salary of the Chair of a NPA shall be £13,531 with effect from 1 April 2022.
Determination 24: A NPA senior salary of £8,478 must be paid to a Deputy Chair where appointed.
Determination 25: Committee Chairs or other senior posts can be paid. This shall be paid at £8,478.
<b>Fire and Rescue Authorities</b>
Determination 29: The basic salary for FRA ordinary members shall be £2,369 with effect from 1 April 2022.
Determination 30: The senior salary of the Chair of a FRA shall be £11,162 with effect from 1 April 2022.
Determination 31: A FRA senior salary of £6,109 must be paid to the Deputy Chair where appointed.
Determination 32: Chairs of Committees or other senior posts can be paid. This shall be paid at £6,109.
<b>Community and Town Councils</b>
Determination 47:



<b>Summary of new and updated determinations contained in this report</b>
Each council can decide to introduce an attendance allowance for members. The amount of each payment must not exceed £30. A member in receipt of financial loss will not be entitled to claim attendance allowance for the same event.  Councils that intend to introduce a system of Attendance Allowances must set out the details of the scheme and publish on their website.
Determination 51: The application of the Remuneration Framework by relevant Group.

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**The Report and other information about the Panel and its work are available on our website at:**

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